## **EXCEL MINDS ACADEMIC GROUP**

## **ACC 102 Questions and answers**

1. Given the following: Plant and machinery N500000, Furnitures and fittings N350000, Creditors N150000, Debtors N200500, inventories N100000, Bills payable N350000, purchase consideration N1000000. Determine the goodwill. A. N349500 B. N550000 C. N1000000 D. N550500 A. Ans 2. The excess of Assets over liabilities in purchase of business is called A. Purchase consideration B. Net assets C. Goodwill D. Capital reserve. C. Ans 3. A machine was bought for N2,500,000. The carrying amount after 2 years is N1,800,000, of which it was disposed N2,000,000. How much is the accumulated depreciation? A. N500,000 B. N700,000 C. N1,800,000 D. 200,000 B. Ans 4. A machine was bought for N2,500,000. The carrying amount after 2 years is N1,800,000, of which it was disposed N2,000,000. How much is the profit/loss on disposal? A. N500,000 profit B. N500,000 loss C. N200,000 profit D. N2,000,000 profit C. Ans

5. Plant and machinery N500000, Furnitures and fittings N350000, Creditors N150000, Debtors N200000, inventories N100000, Bills payable N350000, bills

receivable N500000. What is the value of net assets?
A. N500,000 B. N1,150,000 C. N650,000 D. None of the above.
A. Ans
6. Subscription in advance is a to a not for profit making organization.
A. Current asset B. Fictitious asset C. Current liability D. Non-current asset
C. Ans
7. Direct material is equivalent to
A. Prime cost B. Cost of raw materials available for consumption C. Cost of raw materials consumed C. Direct cost
C. Ans
8. Rent received for the year 2022 amounted to N40,000. Also, rent received in respect of 2023 amounts to N5,000, and N1,000 was received for 2021 rent. How much is the total rents recorded in the cash book?
A. N34,000 B. N40,000 C. N45,000 D. N46,000
D. Ans
9. Subscription received during the year N230,000
Subscription owing for the year N30,000
Subscription owing of last year N10,000
Subscription paid in advance for the subsequent year N20,000
How much is the subscription to be recognized in income and expenditure?
A. N230,000 B. N260,000 C. N280,000 D. N290,000.
A. Ans
10. Income and expenditure is a account.
A. Real B. Nominal C. Real and nominal D. Receipt and expenditure

11. Receipt and expenditure is equivalent to						
A. Nominal account B. Income and expenditure account C. Trading, profit and loss account D. Cash book.						
D. Ans						
12. Which of the following CANNOT be found in a not for profit making organization statement of financial position;						
A. Capital B. Subscription prepaid C. Bank D. Building						
A. Ans						
13. Plant and machinery N1,500,000, Furnitures and fittings N300,000, Creditors N150000, Debtors N200,000, inventories N100000, Bills payable N350000, purchase consideration N3,000,000. What is the value of goodwill/capital reserve?						
A. N349,500 (goodwill)						
B. N1,400,000(goodwill)						
C. N3,600,000(goodwill)						
D. N3,600,000( capital reserve)						
B. Ans						
14. One of the following is not an intangible asset;						
A. Patent B. Goodwill C. Trademark D. Investment						
D. Ans						
15. The following are not liability EXCEPT						
A. Debtor B. Capital reserve C. Bills receivable D. Goodwill						

B. Ans

B. Ans

- One of the following is not a method of depreciation. A. Straight-line method B. Reduction method C. Sum of the year digit method D. Machine hour method E. None of the above B. Ans 17. A seller of a business is called A. Purchaser B. Supplier C. Vendor D. Creditor C. Ans 18. A motor van was bought on 1/2/2017 at N500,000, this motor van was disposed in 30/6/2020 at N350,000. If the motor van depreciates yearly using reducing balance method at 20%, how much is the profit on disposal? A. N206,667 B. N293,333 C. N288,000 D. N56,667 D. Ans 19. A motor van was bought on 1/2/2017 at N500,000, this motor van was disposed in 30/6/2020 at N350,000. If the motor van depreciates yearly using reducing balance method at 20%, how much is the accumulated depreciation up to the day of disposal?
- A. Ans
- 20. A motor van was bought on 1/2/2017 at N500,000, this motor van was disposed in 30/6/2020 at N350,000. If the motor van depreciates yearly using reducing balance method at 20%, how much is the carrying amount of the motor car as at when it was disposed?

A. N206,667 B. N293,333 C. N288,000 D. N56,667

A. N206,667 B. N293,333 C. N288,000 D. N56,667

B. Ans

21. Total rent received during the year 2022 amounted to N40,000. Of which, rent received in respect of 2023 was N5,000, and N1,000 was received for 2021 rent. How

much will be recorded in the p&I?

A. N34,000 B. N40,000 C. N45,000 D. N46,000

A. Ans

22. The excess of purchase consideration over net assets is \_\_\_\_\_\

A. Goodwill B. Capital reserve C. Partners' capital D. Cash

A. Ans

23. Given the following:

Opening inventory of r/m N180,000

cost of raw materials consumed N230,000

Direct labour N12,000

Direct expenses N15,000

Factory rent N12,000

Building N300,000

Depreciation on building 10% on cost

Plant and machinery N150,000

Depreciation on plant and machinery (1/3 of direct expenses)

Royalties N5,000

Opening w-l-p N50,000

Closing w-I-p N32,000.

Find the value of prime cost.

A. N442,000 B. N262,000 C. N17,000 D. N279,000 E. N297,000

B. Ans

24. Given the following:

Opening inventory of r/m N180,000

cost of raw materials consumed N230,000

Direct labour N12,000

Direct expenses N15,000

Factory rent N12,000

Building N300,000

Depreciation on building 10% on cost

Plant and machinery N150,000

Depreciation on plant and machinery (1/3 of direct expenses)

Royalties N5,000

Opening w-l-p N50,000

Closing w-I-p N32,000.

Find the value of factory overhead.

A. N442,000 B. N262,000 C. N17,000 D. N279,000 E. N297,000

C. Ans

25. Given the following:

Opening inventory of r/m N180,000

cost of raw materials consumed N230,000

Direct labour N12,000

Direct expenses N15,000

Factory rent N12,000

Building N300,000

Depreciation on building 10% on cost

Plant and machinery N150,000

Depreciation on plant and machinery (1/3 of direct expenses)

Royalties N5,000

Opening w-I-p N50,000

Closing w-I-p N32,000.

Find the value of total cost of production.

A. N442,000 B. N262,000 C. N17,000 D. N279,000 E. N297,000							
E. Ans							
26. Given the following:							
cost of raw materials consumed N230,000							
Direct labour N12,000							
Direct expenses N15,000							
Factory rent N12,000							
Building N300,000							
Depreciation on building10% on cost							
Plant and machinery N150,000							
Depreciation on plant and machinery (1/3 of direct expenses)							
Royalties N5,000							
Opening w-I-p N50,000							
Closing w-I-p N32,000.							
Find the value of work cost.							
A. N442,000 B. N262,000 C. N17,000 D. N297,000 E. None of the above							
E. Ans							
27. IAS 1 stands for							
A. Preparation of Statement of profit or loss B. Presentation of Financial position statement C. Preparation of financial statement D. Presentation of financial statements.							
D. Ans							
28. Depreciation is charged to							
A. All assets B. All current assets C. Assets and liabilities D. Only fixed assets							
D. Ans							

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29.	The major	objective of	manufacturing	account is to	aetermine

A. Manufactured goods B. Work cost of production C. Gross profit D. Total cost of production

D. Ans

30. Given that;

sales is N300,000

mark up is 20%, find the cost of sales.

A. N50,000 B. N350,000 C. N250,000. D. None of the above.

C. Ans

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